IS EMDR APPROPRIATE FOR YOUR CLIENT? IS THE CLIENT READY?

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Review the criteria for appropriateness and readiness with a seasoned EMDR consultant or a certified EMDR colleague.

The mere presence of the following issues does not preclude the client from participating in EMDR therapy, but appropriateness should be discussed with a knowledge consultant or supervisor if these issues are present.

Is EMDR appropriate for your client?

- 1. Acute presentations (recent suicide attempt; life-threatening substance abuse; serious assaultive or impulsive behavior; psychotic episode)
- 2. Stabilization (unable to call for help if needed; issues that might endanger the client need to be addressed)
- 3. Medical/medication considerations (medically stable; address medications that might interfere with processing; eye pain; seizure disorders)
- 4. Timing considerations

If EMDR is appropriate, the client needs to demonstrate the following criteria. Reprocessing should not be attempted if the client cannot demonstrate these criteria.

Readiness Criteria:

- 1. Access to positive memory networks (the Calm/Safe Place/State can demonstrate this if it works)
- 2. Ability to change state (can the client shift from some level of disturbance to more calm?)
- 3. Ability to stay present/come back if dissociated (assess the level of dissociation if present; treat the dissociation first before doing any reprocessing)
- 4. Truth-telling agreement (is the client willing to be honest with you in their feedback between sets and between sessions?)
- 5. If any of this readiness criteria is not present, the clinician needs to stay in Phase 2 until the client can meet the criteria.

Refer to Shapiro, F. (2017). *Eye movement desensitization and reprocessing, Basic principles, protocols and procedures* (3RD ed). New York: Guilford, for additional information.